

Runtime REST API Reference

Read and write a running solution's live data over HTTPS — tags, historian, alarms, and the Object Model — on the solution's TServer port.

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The Runtime REST API publishes a FrameworkX solution's **live runtime data** over HTTPS: current and historical tag values, alarms, Object Model browse, and health. It runs on the per-solution TServer port and is the modern, versioned replacement for the legacy [WebAccess API](#). For machine-wide management (starting/stopping solutions, licensing, files) use the companion [SolutionCenter API](#) on port 10108.

Base URL and ports

A TServer process hosts exactly one solution, so the host and port together already name the solution and its execution profile. There is no `/solutions/{name}` segment in the URL. The port is `3100 + profile id`:

Execution profile	Port	Base URL
Production	3101	https://host:3101/api/v1/
Development	3201	https://host:3201/api/v1/
Validation	3301	https://host:3301/api/v1/
Custom	3401	https://host:3401/api/v1/

Authentication

Every data endpoint requires a Bearer token in the `Authorization` header. Two token kinds share the same wire format:

Session token — user login

Exchange a solution user's credentials for a short-lived session token:

POST /api/v1/auth/login

POST /api/v1/auth/login HTTP/1.1
Host: scada.example.com:3101
Content-Type: application/json

{ "user": "partner-acme", "password": "<plaintext>" }

--- 200 OK ---
{
 "token": "9c30730a4-e2ee-4595-9131-d64769c5afbe",
 "expiresAt": "2026-07-07T18:35:00Z",
 "user": "partner-acme"
}

Send the token on every subsequent request. Session lifetime follows the user's Security Policy (inactivity / duration; 0 = never expires). Call `POST /api/v1/auth/logout` to invalidate it.

Authenticated request

GET /api/v1/uns/Plant1/Tank1.Level HTTP/1.1
Host: scada.example.com:3101
Authorization: Bearer 9c30730a4-e2ee-4595-9131-d64769c5afbe

Pre-issued Bearer Token — machine-to-machine

For webhooks, headless scripts, and service accounts, issue a long-lived **Bearer Token** in the Designer **Security** **Security Secrets** page and send it directly as `Authorization: Bearer <token>` — no login round-trip. The token inherits the permission group of its associated user, is stored AES-256 encrypted, shown once at issuance, and works until you disable or delete it.





Permissions are enforced server-side by the runtime's tag security on every call. A token can only read or write what its associated user is allowed to — a request for an object the caller cannot see returns 404, not 403.

To confirm a token and see the resolved identity, call `GET /api/v1/auth/me`.

The probes `/ping`, `/health`, `/ready`, and `/api/v1/openapi.json` are anonymous and require no token.

Endpoints

UNS — tags and UserTypes

The `/api/v1/uns/...` family is UNS-strict (the `Tag.*` namespace, Pillar 1). Tag paths are written directly (`Plant1/Tank1.Level`); the `Tag.` prefix is added automatically.

Method & path	Purpose
<code>GET /api/v1/uns/{path}</code>	Read current value, quality, timestamp of one tag. <code>?include=ontology</code> adds <code>DisplayText / Labels / SourceIri / attributes</code> .
<code>GET /api/v1/uns?query=&type=&limit=</code>	Search the UNS by path substring and optional type filter.
<code>GET /api/v1/uns/{path}/history?from=&to=</code>	Raw historian samples over a time range.
<code>GET /api/v1/uns/{path}/aggregated?from=&to=&aggregation=&interval=</code>	Time-bucketed aggregates (Average, Minimum, Maximum, and other kinds; ISO 8601 interval, e.g. PT5M).
<code>GET /api/v1/uns/{path}/describe</code>	Full metadata: inheritance, derived types, ontology, current value, alarm state.
<code>GET /api/v1/uns/by-iri?iri=</code>	Resolve an external ontology IRI back to the FrameworkX object.
<code>POST /api/v1/uns/group</code>	Bulk read up to 1000 tags in one request.
<code>PUT /api/v1/uns/group</code>	Write one or N tag values (idempotent; governed by tag security).
<code>GET /api/v1/uns/usertypes</code>	List UserTypes with member and instance counts.
<code>GET /api/v1/uns/usertypes/{name}</code>	Describe one UserType (members, inheritance, derived types, ontology).
<code>GET /api/v1/uns/usertypes/{name}/instances</code>	List the tag instances of a UserType.

Runtime Object — the 12 roots

The `/api/v1/runtime-object/...` family spans the whole Object Model (Tag, Server, Client, Info, Alarm, Device, Historian, Dataset, Script, Display, Report, Security). Paths here are dot-rooted and must be fully qualified (`Tag.Plant1/Tank1.Level, Server.Now`).

Method & path	Purpose
<code>GET /api/v1/runtime-object/{path}</code>	Describe a single node (properties, methods, current values) across any of the 12 roots.
<code>GET /api/v1/runtime-object/browse?root=&path=&depth=</code>	Walk the Object Model tree from a starting node (depth 1–5).
<code>POST /api/v1/runtime-object/group</code>	Bulk read up to 1000 cross-namespace paths.

Alarms, custom methods, and runtime info

Method & path	Purpose
<code>GET /api/v1/alarms/active</code>	Currently active alarms.
<code>GET /api/v1/alarms/history?from=&to=&filter=</code>	Alarm history rows (Activated / Normalized / Acked) with optional filter.
<code>POST /api/v1/scripts/{className}/{methodName}</code>	Invoke a solution-authored Server Script Class method — the extension point for custom operations and webhook receivers.
<code>GET /api/v1/info</code>	Running solution metadata: build, profile, target framework, uptime, license edition.
<code>GET /health, /ready, /ping</code>	Liveness / readiness probes (anonymous). Kubernetes-ready.

Examples

Read one tag value

```
GET /api/v1/uns/Plant1/Tank1.Level
Authorization: Bearer <token>

--- 200 OK ---
{ "objectName": "Plant1/Tank1.Level", "value": 47.3, "quality": 192,
  "utcTimestamp": "2026-07-07T15:30:42.123Z" }
```

Bulk read

```
POST /api/v1/uns/group
Authorization: Bearer <token>
Content-Type: application/json

{ "paths": ["Plant1/Tank1.Level", "Plant1/Tank2.Level", "Plant1/Motor1.Speed"] }
```

Write tag values

```
PUT /api/v1/uns/group
Authorization: Bearer <token>
Content-Type: application/json

{ "writes": [
  { "path": "Plant1/Tank1.Setpoint", "value": 50.0 },
  { "path": "Plant1/Tank2.Setpoint", "value": 60.0 }
] }
```

Aggregated history

```
GET /api/v1/uns/Plant1/Tank1.Level/aggregated
    ?from=2026-07-07T00:00:00Z&to=2026-07-07T01:00:00Z
    &aggregation=Average&interval=PT5M
Authorization: Bearer <token>
```

Errors

All errors use the RFC 7807 Problem Details envelope: type, title, status, detail, instance.

HTTP	When
400	Malformed request or body, out-of-range parameter, over-limit batch (too-many-objects), invalid time format, or a non-Tag path on a UNS-strict route (uns-namespace-mismatch).
401	Missing / invalid token, or expired session (authentication-required).
403	Operation disabled by the solution — e.g. custom Script methods not enabled (solution-custom-methods-disabled).
404	Object or resource not found — or it exists but is not visible to the caller's permission set (BOLA defence).
405	HTTP method not allowed on that route (e.g. a non-GET on a read-only endpoint).
422	Invalid argument to a Script method, or an unknown aggregation kind (invalid-aggregation).

Per-item results in bulk calls. Bulk read and write return HTTP 200 with a results array and an errors array. A single failing item — a write rejected by tag security, a path that doesn't resolve, a value that doesn't match the tag's type — appears in errors while the remaining items still succeed in results. HTTP-level 4xx codes are reserved for request-level problems (bad body, over-limit, auth).

Time format

All timestamps are ISO 8601 strict UTC with a mandatory Z suffix (2026-07-07T15:30:42.123Z). Durations use ISO 8601 duration syntax (PT5M = 5 minutes, PT1H = 1 hour, P1D = 1 day). A local-naive timestamp is rejected with 400.

OpenAPI 3.1 specification

The Runtime REST API is described by an **OpenAPI 3.1** document — load it into Swagger UI, Postman, or a client generator to work from the always-current contract. The runtime serves an anonymous discovery pointer at GET /api/v1/openapi.json (the alias GET /api/v1/openapi redirects to it); the pointer returns the location of the OpenAPI document itself.

Migrating from the legacy WebAccess API

Existing /rtServices/api/... integrations continue to work, but new integrations should use the endpoints above. Direct equivalents:

Legacy WebAccess (/rtServices/api/)	Runtime REST API (/api/v1/)
GET SetServer (mint bearer)	POST /api/v1/auth/login
GET SyncObjects/ReadObject?ObjectName=Tag1	GET /api/v1/uns/Tag1
GET SyncObjects/ReadObjects	POST /api/v1/uns/group
POST SyncObjects/WriteObject	PUT /api/v1/uns/group (single-element)
POST SyncObjects/WriteObjects	PUT /api/v1/uns/group

For convenience during migration, GET /api/v1/tags/... and GET /api/v1/historian/... also resolve — they issue a 308 redirect to the canonical /api/v1/uns/... path.

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